

The Times-Democrat.

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LIMA, OHIO, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1897.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

OFFICIALS ARE QUIET.

They Have Nothing to Say About Madrid Dispatch.

SOME INFERENCES DRAWN.

Minister Woodford May Have Been Bounding European Powers on Intervention in Cuba by the United States.

Washington, Sept. 23.—The state department officials refuse to discuss the most important statement made in the able dispatch from Madrid, namely, that the countries of Europe with the exception of Austria justify the intervention of the United States in favor of a termination of the Cuban war.

Still, it is recalled while Mr. Woodford was carrying in an apparently purposeless manner in London and Paris, instead of proceeding to his post in Spain, it leaked out that the United States ministers at the various European courts had been instructed to sound the governments to which they were accredited with a view to learning how intervention in favor of Cuba could be regarded.

Although it was generally supposed at the time that this effort would succeed, there is now good reason to doubt the statement in the Madrid cable as fully warranted by the facts. With such a lever in the hands of Mr. Woodford, and of its existence the Spanish government must be aware by this time it is regarded as extremely improbable that it would reject any offer of our good offices made in a spirit of friendship and disinterestedness.

The Spanish minister, Dupuy de Lôme, remains at Lenoir and the recent developments at Madrid have not the Spanish authorities in this country to hasten their return to Washington. The minister expects to remain away for another month or more.

MONEY MARKET.

Money Organized and Prepared for Their Laborious Work.

Washington, Sept. 23.—The monetary commission appointed under the authority of the Indianapolis sound money convention held its opening session at the Arlington hotel.

All the members of the commission except Messrs. Fish and Garnett were present. The purpose of the commission is to make a comprehensive investigation of the existing currency system with a view to urging a currency reform measure upon congress at the regular session next December. The afternoon meeting was devoted to a preliminary discussion of the scope of the investigation and the methods to be pursued. Ex-Senator Edmunds was chosen to preside over the deliberations of the commission. Mr. Leighton of St. Louis was elected vice chairman.

A special committee consisting of Messrs. Leighton, Patterson and Fairchild was appointed for the purpose of considering the question of what part help the commission may need in suggesting methods to be followed in disposing of the questions presented.

This committee recommended that an expert secretary be appointed to compile in proper form the suggestions already have been received for reference to the appropriate committees. The reasons recommended are Messrs. L. Carroll Root of New York and Mr. Ellis of Wisconsin.

Hon. H. H. Kohlsaat and George Peabody, who are members of the Indianapolis executive committee, appointed the commission, are sitting with the members of the general body in the preliminary stages of work.

Why Gold Was Engaged.

New York, Sept. 23.—The officers of a national city bank were not invited to discuss their action in engaging gold for immaterial though the fact such engagement was admitted, the gold was engaged, said the shyer, "in the regular course of our change business in the settlement of balances."

Star Pointer Defeated.

Milwaukee, Sept. 23.—Joe Patchenilly defeated Star Pointer two out of three heats at the fair grounds, taking the state record. The big dog acted badly in the second and third heats, however, and Patchenilly carried off the \$3,000 purse.

Lowered the Record.

Philadelphia, Sept. 23.—The famous Philadelphia team, John R. Gentry and Robert J. Cheed together, lowered the world's mile team record for a mile to 2.09. The track of the Belmont Driving Club. The quarters were 31.1-64.7. 7.2-09. The previous record was 2.14.

Gets a Vacation.

Washington, Sept. 23.—Mr. Toruishi, the Japanese minister has received permission from his government to return to Japan on leave of absence. He will leave Washington early in October and will return to his post in November.

CHIEF OF POLICE

Confesses That He Was a Party to the Killing of Arroyo.

City of Mexico, Sept. 23.—Senior Eduardo Velasquez, late chief of police, confessed that he directed the killing of Arroyo, the assassin of President Diaz. Velasquez was removed from office and placed in Belem prison on suspicion of having acquiesced in the killing of Arroyo. During the official investigation of the affair the former chief of police was placed on the stand and asked to detail his connection with the matter. To all questions he responded that he was a great admirer of the president and that he felt that the scandalous attempt made upon his life merited severe punishment. The judge permitted this evasive reply for some time and then ordered the inspector to reply directly to the questions. Seeing no escape the chief confessed without reservation the part he took in the tragedy.

Candido Cuellar, a groom in the service of Velasquez, was examined. He said on the night before the killing Don Eduardo had sent him to buy knives which he had delivered over to his master without knowing for what reason he had been ordered to purchase them. The judge placed before Cuellar some of the knives used in the commission of the crime, mixed with others. Cuellar picked out those he had purchased.

RYAN WAS PRESENT.

He Will Be Asked About Irregular Bank Transactions.

Shepherd, Mich., Sept. 23.—For the first time since the hearing in the Struble investigation began John F. Ryan, cashier of the Mount Pleasant bank, was present with H. A. Sanford of Mount Pleasant as his counsel.

Previous testimony is regarded as conclusive that Ryan knew all about the irregular transactions of the bank and he is to be recalled and given an opportunity to make a clean breast of it, and how he managed the affairs of the defunct Mount Pleasant bank.

If he does not tell the story satisfactorily it is claimed the directors will do the telling in a manner that will make Ryan's ears tingle. Prosecuting Attorney McNamara has received a dispatch to the effect that "Frank Struble" whose signature appears on dishonored checks accepted by cashier Struble has been located in Ann Arbor.

Cuban Tariff Law.

Washington, Sept. 23.—Copies of the new Cuban tariff law, as recently gazetted at Madrid, have been received here. They show in detail the manner in which the trade between the United States and Cuba will be affected and the basis on which reciprocity can be secured. The preamble recites: "The government shall be able to decree a special recharge of 30 per cent of all the duties on the products of whatever nation that, in the application of its general tariff, shall prejudice Spanish products by treating them differently."

Fixed the Scale.

Fairmont, W. Va., Sept. 23.—The miners of the Fairmont district, who have been in convention here this week, adjourned after fixing the scale for this district at 35 cents per ton. The convention also passed resolutions pledging themselves to organize all the miners of the state. The rate is 4 cents less than that in the Pittsburgh district. It will meet with opposition from the operators, as the 15 cents differential in freight rates is not considered.

Successful Trial Trip.

New York, Sept. 23.—The United States gunboat Helena concluded her trial trip. The final test was made on Long Island sound, and demonstrated the fact that the 15-knot requirement could be maintained, and that under favorable circumstances speed could be increased. The machinery was found to be in perfect working order. The Helena has been assigned to the Asiatic station.

Some Favored War.

Athens, Sept. 23.—With the exception of the Asig and the Akropolis, the newspapers are preaching a national crusade against the conditions of the peace treaty with Turkey. Several of them publish interviews with members of the legislative assembly (the Boule). In a few instances the deputies favor war, but the majority adopt a very reserved attitude.

Returning to Work.

Lacon, Ill., Sept. 23.—One thousand miners returned to work at Toluca, accepting the 14 cents per ton rate. All of the arshall county mines will soon be in operation.

Closed by the Sheriff.

Kankakee, Ill., Sept. 23.—The plant of the Kankakee Manufacturing Company was closed by the sheriff. Estimated liabilities, \$45,000; assets, \$35,000.

Manufacturing Plant Burned.

Youngstown, O., Sept. 23.—Fire destroyed the plant of the Youngstown Bridge Company. The loss is \$100,000 and 200 h. p. are deprived of work.

A Fatal Fall.

Findlay, O., Sept. 23.—While fixing a broken bell rope in order to toll a knell David Lee fell from the church tower and broke his neck.

FROM INFECTED CITIES.

News of Yellow Fever Epidemic at Various Points.

GREATER NUMBER OF CASES.

Can't-Get-Away Club of Mobile Is Performing a Noble Work by Nursing the Sick and Relieving Distress.

Mobile, Sept. 23.—There was a slight increase in the number of cases of yellow fever during the 24 hours ending at noon, but this was offset by the announcement that there were no deaths to report, that five of the patients were discharged, and that all the patients were doing well. There has been no death here since Saturday last, and the total number of deaths is three. The total number of cases is 34.

All these are in the infected district. There has been no spread of the disease from the cases in other parts of the city.

The Can't-get-away club of Mobile is doing a great work in the way of nursing the sick and relieving distress. This noble organization has performed great deeds in the past here and in the neighboring cities. The amount of distress in the city is not yet great, but it is growing, very many families having had their means of sustenance taken away by the general stoppage of business.

TWO DEATHS.

Dr. Joseph Lovell, Who Attended Patients, Dies of Yellow Fever.

New Orleans, Sept. 23.—The official record in the board of health office at 6 p. m. showed a total of 12 cases and two deaths in 24 hours. It is apparent that the microbes brought over in baggage from Biloxi and Ocean Springs are still incubating and that many cases of fever are to be looked for. Dr. Joseph Lovell, 27, of 717 St. Charles avenue, and Miss Elizabeth Nussbaum, 17, died.

Dr. Lovell's death has been expected for four days. He contracted the disease while attending a number of patients who were suffering with the Ocean Springs fever.

It is expected there will soon be a couple of hundred refugees in camp. Strict military discipline will rule the camp, and there will be guards stationed at all avenues of approach and exit. At 6 p. m. the physicians in charge of the camp announced that all the refugees in camp were well.

Mayor Flower convened the finance committee, and after consultation with the city's fiscal agents succeeded in securing the offer of \$25,000 of immediate available money to be placed in the hands of the board of health to be used in prosecuting a vigorous war upon the fever.

There were seven new cases reported at Ocean Springs, and seven patients, who had been ill, were discharged. There are still 15 under treatment. The names of the new cases at Ocean Springs were not made public.

At Biloxi, Michael Levy, 17, died of the fever.

J. W. Sweetman, a prominent druggist of Biloxi, and his wife are among the new cases of sickness reported. There are now 200 whites and negroes at the Fontainebleau detention camp. People are constantly arriving, and a special train is making frequent trips between the infected towns and the camp.

One Outbreak.

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 23.—The peace of the anthracite district was disturbed by one outbreak. When the men at Pardee hardwood colliery reported for work, a crowd of strikers, led by women, assembled about the mine and their threats of violence to the would-be workers, were so menacing that troops were asked for. A detachment of cavalry was sent over and remained during the greater part of the day. There was no further trouble but only a small minority of the miners were courageous enough to work.

Elkins Shares His Honors.

Washington, Sept. 23.—Senator Elkins of West Virginia said that he wished to correct a misapprehension that he claimed the authorship of section 22 of the tariff law. A number of his colleagues had been interested with him in framing it, he said, and were entitled to such credit as the public should give it.

Cold Weather in France.

Paris, Sept. 23.—The weather is severely cold here, and there have been heavy snowfalls in Auvergne, lower Burgundy and elsewhere. Eighteen inches of snow has fallen at Creponne, in the department of Haute Loire. At Auxerre, in the department of Yonne, snow has fallen the earliest on record.

New Men for Brooklyn.

New York, Sept. 23.—President Byrne of the Brooklyn Baseball club telegraphed from Boston that he had secured by purchase for his club, Catcher Ryan of Syracuse; Miller, pitcher of Fall River; Yager, pitcher of Lancaster; Dowd, Crispman and Beam of the Newport club.

WINDOW GLASS TRUST.

Manufacturers Representing Millions of Capital Combine.

Pittsburg, Sept. 23.—Representatives of window glass manufacturers from all parts of the country have been in session here all day for the purpose of devising a plan by which the window glass manufacturers of the country may be formed into one organization. The Western association and the Pittsburg association have already agreed to amalgamate, provided sufficient numbers of manufacturers heretofore not identified with such a combine will enter into the agreement.

The work of the committee demonstrated that nine-tenths of the manufacturers are willing to go into the new organization, which will be known as the American Window Glass association. The new combination represents a capital of \$20,000,000, and includes all of the principal plants of the United States. The output of the consolidated concern is estimated at \$10,000,000 worth of glass a year. It will have virtual control of the trade, and as stocks are low and uncertainty about the settlement of the wage question still exists it is very probable that a decided advance in prices will soon follow.

The committee practically completed its plans, but will convene again to settle details.

City Supervisors Removed.

Cincinnati, Sept. 23.—Louis Werner, J. J. Sullivan, John Zumstein and Mortimer G. Roe, four of the members of the city board of supervisors, were removed by Mayor Tafel, and the case of Louis Krohn is still under advisement. Richard Smith was the only one spared. After frauds had been discovered in the water works department and other city offices, even that of the city auditor, the Taxpayers' association preferred charges of neglect of duty against the supervisors and the mayor sustained the charges.

Received With Surprise.

London, Sept. 23.—A dispatch to the Standard from San Sebastian says: "Fresh communications have passed between United States Minister Woodford and the Duke of Tuetan confirming the views of the United States as stated by the American minister last Saturday. Both press and public received the intimation of the attitude of the American government with surprise and incredulity."

Seth Low Will Stick.

New York, Sept. 23.—Seth Low issued a declaration to the public of his determination to remain a candidate for the mayoralty until the end, unless he is withdrawn by the body which nominated him. He said that he had no idea that that body contemplated any such action.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations for Sept. 23.

New York.
Beef—Family, \$9.00; extra mess, \$7.50; pack, \$5.00; cut meats—Pickled bellies, 7 1/2%; pickled shoulders, 5 1/2%; pickled hams, 8 1/2%; Lard—West, 17 1/2%; Old, 16 1/2%; Pork—Old mess, \$9.00; 25.
Butter—Western dairy, 12 1/2%; creamery, 12 1/2%; do factory, 8 1/2%; Cheese—State, large, 8 1/2%; small, 9 1/2%; part shims, 6 1/2%; full shims, 3 1/2%; Eggs—State and Pennsylvania, 15 1/2%; western fresh, 17 1/2%.
Wheat—No. 2, 44c; No. 3, 43c; No. 4, 42c; No. 5, 41c; No. 6, 40c; No. 7, 39c; No. 8, 38c; No. 9, 37c; No. 10, 36c; No. 11, 35c; No. 12, 34c; No. 13, 33c; No. 14, 32c; No. 15, 31c; No. 16, 30c; No. 17, 29c; No. 18, 28c; No. 19, 27c; No. 20, 26c; No. 21, 25c; No. 22, 24c; No. 23, 23c; No. 24, 22c; No. 25, 21c; No. 26, 20c; No. 27, 19c; No. 28, 18c; No. 29, 17c; No. 30, 16c; No. 31, 15c; No. 32, 14c; No. 33, 13c; No. 34, 12c; No. 35, 11c; No. 36, 10c; No. 37, 9c; No. 38, 8c; No. 39, 7c; No. 40, 6c; No. 41, 5c; No. 42, 4c; No. 43, 3c; No. 44, 2c; No. 45, 1c; No. 46, 1/2c; No. 47, 1/4c; No. 48, 1/8c; No. 49, 1/16c; No. 50, 1/32c; No. 51, 1/64c; No. 52, 1/128c; No. 53, 1/256c; No. 54, 1/512c; No. 55, 1/1024c; No. 56, 1/2048c; No. 57, 1/4096c; No. 58, 1/8192c; No. 59, 1/16384c; No. 60, 1/32768c; No. 61, 1/65536c; No. 62, 1/131072c; No. 63, 1/262144c; No. 64, 1/524288c; No. 65, 1/1048576c; No. 66, 1/2097152c; No. 67, 1/4194304c; No. 68, 1/8388608c; No. 69, 1/16777216c; No. 70, 1/33554432c; No. 71, 1/67108864c; 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STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Governor,
HORACE L. CHAPMAN,
of Jackson county.

For Lieutenant Governor,
MELVILLE SHAW,
of Angala county.

For Supreme Judge,
JOHN T. SPRIGGS,
of Monroe county.

For Attorney General,
WILLIAM H. DORE,
of Seneca county.

For Treasurer,
JAMES F. WILSON,
of Trumbull county.

For Member Board of Public Works,
PETER H. DEGNON,
of Lucas county.

For School Commissioner,
M. E. HARD,
of Columbiana county.

For State Senators,
WM. G. BROEIN,
WM. F. DECKER,
For Representative,
CHAS. H. ADKINS,
For County Treasurer,
AUGUST G. LUTZ,
For Sheriff,
E. A. BOGART,
For County Surveyor,
J. O. CROWLEY,
For Commissioner,
GEORGE D. KANAWL,
For Coroner,
DR. E. G. BURTON
For Infirmary Director
I. B. STEIN.

These persons who are calling on Coxe to organize another army of the unemployed don't understand the situation. Coxe is not one of the unemployed. Mark Hanna has given him a job of running for governor, and he will be busy until November.—Washington Post.

Mrs. Helen Gouger has a new recipe for a dish which she calls "Republican pudding," which is very popular and which she kindly gave to the Plain Dealer for the benefit of her friends. It is as follows:

"Recipe for Republican pudding: Take three gallons of newspaper property, two gallons of manufactured confidence, two quarts of gold standard, one pound of sugar trust protection, three pounds of 31 cent wheat bought at 85 cents, seven tablespoonful of sound money, twelve months of no work. Boil down to two gallons, then add enough humbug to hide the real ingredients; flavor with unlimited gall, sweeten with a slice of corruption fund and serve with wind. Wash down with charity soup. You will have the identical dish that was served up to the people last November from Republican headquarters. Please take while hot every day until election day in Ohio, and you will see the grandest political corruption of the age, Mark Hanna, in the United States senate."

A tariff organ exclaims: "No man in possession of his senses, whether Republican or Democrat, has expected that the new tariff would demonstrate its capacity to produce revenue in the first months after its passage." Senator Aldrich declared on the 26th of May last that the passage of a revenue bill which did not accomplish this object, or which should cause a larger deficit "in the immediate future," would be dangerous to the hopes of Republican success. What would have been the

consequence of this legislation had not the Cleveland administration provided an enormous treasury surplus in order to maintain the gold redemption fund? The treasury would have been completely exhausted under a measure "to create more revenue," and McKinley's Administration would have been obliged to issue bonds not merely to preserve the gold fund, but to meet the current expenditures of the Government. Would it not have been much better to have let the old tariff alone than to have passed a measure, ostensibly designed to produce a surplus revenue, which has heavily increased the treasury deficit? Whatever the advocates of the Dingley tariff may say of its protective features, as a revenue measure it is not susceptible of defense.—Philadelphia Record.

Makers of European silks and soaps who find their sales in America curtailed by the exactions of the Dingley tariff are proposing to establish manufacturing in this country so that they may participate in the plunder of consumers. It is also said that Parisian tailors and dressmakers will take like means of serving their American customers by establishing branch houses in this country. This is a perfectly legitimate outcome of the high tariff policy, but it is not what the beneficiaries of protection desire. They wish to monopolize, not to share, the home market. As long as the country was flooded with cheap labor they had no objection; but if the makers of cheap goods shall come also with their silks and soaps and haberdashery and what-not, of what advantage will be the protection barrier?

CHAIRMAN DINGLEY'S FALLACIES.

In a newspaper interview just published chairman Dingley again repeats the assertion that during the four months the tariff bill was pending in the senate not far from \$100,000,000 worth of merchandise was imported in excess of the demand for consumption, "simply for the purpose of avoiding the payment of the new or increased duties provided by the pending bill for the purpose of increasing the revenue." The duties on this merchandise the chairman estimates at \$32,000,000, which he claims would all have appeared as revenue for the present fiscal year but for this anticipatory importation. The present fiscal year is thus entitled, according to Mr. Dingley, "to \$32,000,000 more revenue than it is given credit for," and the last fiscal year must be given credit for that much less revenue. This, however, the chairman says, "is no loss of revenue," as it is only crediting to the old year \$32,000,000 that should belong to the new year under the existing tariff.

At the same time, the chairman says, there has been a large loss of revenue by the importation of merchandise like wool "free of duty under the tariff of 1894 and dutiable under the new tariff," and of merchandise, "like sugar, on which the duty is increased by the new tariff." This "absolute loss" he estimates at nearly \$40,000,000. In order, then, to estimate the revenue producing qualities of the new tariff, even for the present fiscal year, the chairman says there should be added to the actual receipts "the \$32,000,000 paid on anticipatory imports between March and July," as well as "the absolute loss of revenue" by anticipatory importations. This by his calculation would amount to a matter of \$72,000,000. The thing appears as plain as a sum in simple addition; but in the sum sugar is counted twice—first in the anticipated revenue of \$32,000,000 and again in the "absolute loss" of \$40,000,000.

But it has been shown repeatedly that these tariff estimates of chairman Dingley rest on a series of assumptions having no warrant in commercial experience. He assumes that the volume of importations would be much the same under the exorbitant duties of the present tariff as under the moderate rates of the last tariff. On this he makes the calculation that every dollar of the \$100,000,000 worth of merchandise imported while the present tariff bill was pending in the senate would have been imported afterward had there been no tariff changes. He thus makes no allowance for the enormous speculative importations made to realize large profits under the high duties of the new tariff. Under the moderate rates of the old tariff these profits could not have been made, and a large portion of the merchandise on which he figures his \$32,000,000 of anticipatory revenue would not have been imported at all. The high duties were the lure to speculative imports while the Dingley bill was pending, but when the speculative profits have been realized is another question.

Then again, Mr. Dingley estimates that importations of wool and other raw materials which were free of duty under the old tariff would be much the same under the high duties of the new tariff. On this assumption he bases much of the loss of \$40,000,000 of revenue from anticipatory importations. It is necessary to refer only to the returns of trade to show how small were the importations of fine wools of Aus-

tralia and Argentina under the McKinley law and how enormous became these importations when the wool duties were removed. How absurd then it is to Mr. Dingley to estimate that the volume of imports of wool and other raw materials will be maintained under more exorbitant duties than were imposed by the McKinley act! These duties are imposed under quite a different view of the effect of a protective tariff.

But in both the tariff of 1894 and in the tariff of 1897, widely as they differ, the estimates of revenue from duties on imported manufactures were based on conditions that are passing away. While these imports are rapidly declining the exports of American manufactures of nearly all descriptions are enormously increasing from month to month. Mr. Dingley's estimates of revenue are therefore elusive and fallacious in being based largely upon wind log importations. Since the Dingley tariff was enacted considerable shipments of tinplate have been made from the United States to Italy, while the imports of tinplate have fallen to a very low figure. But with the double pretense of revenue and protection the duty is increased by the Dingley tariff on tinplate, with no other effect than to increase its cost to American consumers.

Chairman Dingley will marshal figures in vain to cover the real character of a tariff which is a disappointment as a measure of revenue and of which the only beneficiaries are the trusts and the smugglers.—Philadelphia Record

A REPUBLICAN ON TRUSTS.

He Views With Alarm the Growing Influence of Combinations of Capital.

All readers of The News are aware that we seldom find cause to approve of the public acts and utterances of Republican leaders, while we are accustomed to use the utmost forbearance toward Democrats whose conduct may not strictly accord with the just and upright principles of their party in some particular, says the New York News in a recent editorial. In other words, charity toward friends and frank hostility toward opponents is the rule. Probably The News has never said a good word for Hon. Benjamin H. Butterworth, now commissioner of patents, throughout all his public career, and probably, too, it never spoke otherwise than kindly of Hon. Roswell P. Flower, until his diatribe against our principles and party lately filled us as well as all the world with disapproval. But men, after all, are of secondary import, while principles are vital, and the answer Butterworth makes to Flower at least deserves quotation in our Democratic columns, since it comes nearer to our idea of popular rights and principles than does the speech of the man whom we helped to make the governor of this state.

Mr. Butterworth, according to one of our contemporaries, said, after reading Governor Flower's remarks:

I do not need any one's opinion on the benefit of trusts. Any one who has spent a season in Washington, as I have done this past year and for many seasons before, cannot but look with horror upon the growing influence of these mighty combinations and aggregations of capital.

Every body knows how congress was simply held up by the trusts during the last session. It came to be that the representatives of these great combinations merely said, "You shall do this, and you shall not do that," and it was done or not done, as they commanded.

The claim made nowadays is that there should be war because war will necessitate the issuing of bonds, and there have been some recent instances when this sentiment very nearly predominated. I am opposed and bitterly opposed to all this sort of talk. Shall we create war to make a market for bonds? Shall we sacrifice human life that some one may cut coupons payable in the blood of our children and our children's children?

What shall be said, too, when it comes to pass that one man in your city of New York can fix the price of anthracite coal for the Atlantic seaboard, and I do not know whether I am differently constituted from other men or not, but my blood boils when I contemplate the growing power of corporate wealth over the legislation of this country.

Gold Democrats.

Of course since the gold forces under Hanna bought up the machinery of the Populist state convention those who are ostensibly at the head of the gold Democratic movement cannot escape suspicion. They helped McKinley all they could last year, and their object in 1897 is to help Marcus A. Hanna to the senate. Many of these gold Democrats are well known, and those who know them know that they do not work in politics for nothing. The man who is yelling for separate action on the part of the gold bolters from the Democratic party is pretty sure to have Hanna money in his pocket, if he has not already shoved it across the bar.—Cincinnati Enquirer

A Little Rheumatic.

The Chicago Inter Ocean makes allowance for prosperity as if it were an old ramshackle newspaper that had received a few unexpected remittances from delinquent subscribers. It says, "Prosperity is here, but the people will have to wait a spell to allow the fellow to get his joints to working and his muscles limbered up."

Work of the Coal Trust.

There is every reason to credit the report that the great coal strike was deliberately caused by the operators. They knew the price of coal would be raised by the Dingley tariff, so they required some effective means of reducing the surplus coal in the market and canceling contracts for delivery at old prices. There is nothing too infamous for the Hanna-Holbert-Morgan Coal trust.

Republican Prosperity.

Low wages for the working people and bigger profits for the trusts—that is what the Republicans mean by prosperity.

MEXICO PROSPEROUS.

Manufacturers Enjoying a Boom In Trade.

FARMERS ARE ALSO BENEFITED.

Gold Has Gone to a Premium and Has the Effect of a Tariff Wall, but the Silver Dollar Buys as Much Goods as Ever. Capital Pouring In For Investment.

The Constitution is of the opinion that those gold organs which are piously engaged in extending their sympathy and condolence to Mexico on account of the supposed deplorable condition in which that country is left by the fall of silver have failed to read the dispatch recently sent to the New York Herald by that paper's special correspondent in the City of Mexico.

That dispatch makes very interesting reading at this time. The Constitution has already printed it in full, but some of the statements made by The Herald's Mexican correspondent are worthy of further consideration. In order to thoroughly understand the situation depicted by the correspondent it is necessary for our readers to bear in mind that, while silver has depreciated with respect to gold in the gold standard countries, no such result has taken place in Mexico. Silver has not fallen at all, has not decreased in purchasing power to any appreciable extent. On the other hand, gold has risen to a premium of \$1.45.

Remembering this fact, it is easy to understand the dispatch, which would otherwise be inexplicable. Merchants are hurt by the rise in gold and are canceling their orders for import. Why? Because they can get no more silver for the stocks they have on hand than they could before gold rose. Consequently they are unable to import goods except at a profit.

Meanwhile Mexican manufacturers are enjoying the greatest boom in their history, as the gold premium makes a most effective tariff wall. All the agricultural interests are prosperous, as they sell abroad for gold and pay their laborers in silver. "Strange to say," remarks the correspondent of The Herald, "the Mexican dollar buys as much goods as it ever did, save of the imported variety." This is a statement the gold organs should digest. It must be true, for it appears in the columns of a most rankankerous gold organ.

More than that, foreign capital is pouring into the country to take advantage of the high premium on gold—this premium being in the nature of a bonus on every dollar of gold invested in Mexico. Another result is that "rich Mexicans, accustomed to living much of their time abroad, are staying at home investing their silver in building improvements." Real estate is rapidly increasing in price, and the demand for contractors is large.

The Herald correspondent says the government is "hit hard," as it must pay the interest on its foreign debt in gold. But there are some blows that react, and this will be one of them. There is talk of repudiation, and in that case the holders of the bonds will be hit, but the probability is that President Diaz will refund the government debt and cut its interest charge in half by reducing the rate from 6 per cent to 3.

Meanwhile the whole course and tenor of The Herald's dispatch shows that those who have tears to shed for Mexico should reserve them for folks nearer home.—Atlanta Constitution.

REPUBLICAN DISHONESTY.

Senator Chandler's Discovery of Crookedness on the Part of His Fellow.

Senator Chandler's latest discovery of crookedness and chicanery on the part of his fellow Republicans touches the clause of the Dingley bill imposing a 10 per cent extra duty on all foreign products coming through Canada into the United States. He contends that the legislation was passed by writing it as new matter in the conference report, where it was adopted by both houses of congress without being noticed by more than those persons "engaged in the scheme." The senator also points out that the conference committee men went beyond their powers when they inserted so important an amendment into a clause of the law about only five words of which there was any disagreement between the house and senate.

Speaker Reed the other day denounced the proceeding as a "scheme" and said that the clause had evidently "been slipped in." Senator Chandler says that Senator Cannon in open senate asked whether it was intended to do anything but settle differences between the two houses and that Senator Allison very promptly and emphatically replied that of course no further effect was contemplated.

"Having had experience with conference reports which should have warned me to read every word of this report, I have no excuse to offer for not doing so," apologetically exclaims Senator Chandler. "I hope to be forgiven," he pleads, "but I shall never forgive myself."

What a disgraceful state of affairs is here presented of legislative rottenness and Republican dishonesty! There can be no doubt, from this corroborative testimony, that the Dingley bill was tampered with by the agents of railroads whose interests are to be subverted by the law as it now stands. Either some member of the conference committee "slipped in" the objectionable clause or some clerk of the enrolling force did it. In either case the evidence is too complete to be denied that corrupt methods were employed in bringing about the result. It now remains to be seen whether Republicans in authority will permit this stain to remain upon the party's escutcheon.—St. Louis Republic

DIED BY AGREEMENT.

Brother Injured Brother and One Committed Suicide.

A unique case growing out of the suicide of Captain George Lowenthal has just terminated in the law courts at St. Louis. It appeared from the evidence in the case that in 1895 Emil Lowenthal, a brother of the captain, agreed to furnish money to the latter, who was a rone and gambler, on condition that he either marry the daughter of a millionaire or commit suicide after the expiration of two years from the time of entering upon the agreement. Emil then heavily insured George's life in various companies and had inserted in the policies a clause declaring that they would not be affected after two years by the manner in which the insured should meet his death.

George failed in his attempts to inveigle a rich man's daughter to marry him, and upon the expiration of the two years he kept the other part of the agreement and blew out his brains with a revolver.

Then Emil applied for the payment of the policies on his brother's life, but the companies had learned of the agreement he had made with George and refused to pay their losses. Later they caused his arrest on the charge of having fraudulently secured the reversion of some of the policies. The trial, just concluded, resulted in the conviction of the accused, and he was sentenced to two years' imprisonment.—Exchange.

FLAX IN OREGON.

Fiber Four Feet In Length Produced Without Difficulty.

Experiments made by the Flax Fiber association of Oregon point to an encouraging degree of success for those enlisted in enterprises in that region for flax growing and manufacturing in America.

The average measurement of the stalks produced, ready for pulling, is stated to be about 52 inches, thus giving a fiber more than 4 feet in length, a fact regarded as peculiarly satisfactory when it is considered that the well known Courtauld fiber is not more than 36 inches, while the fiber that is peculiar to northern Ireland and so famed does not attain that length.

The two remaining conditions for first class fiber—viz, strength and fineness—cannot be demonstrated until the time for pulling arrives, but where Oregon fiber has been produced heretofore its strength is said to have proved very satisfactory and the fineness nearly equal to the best. Estimates of the yield of straw per acre are set at 4½ tons, which is stated to be more than double what is derived from the industry in Minnesota or in Canada—exceeding largely, in fact, the figures given for any other part of the world.

A FAITHFUL OFFICIAL.

For Sixty-seven Years He Served the Post-office Department.

William Henry Wallace, whose death is announced, was in continuous service as the postmaster of Hammondville, O., for 67 years. In speaking of his career recently he said:

"I have served under 32 postmasters general, including the present official, Mr. Gary, and if I am spared until next month I shall have been 67 years in the service. I have been an observer in my busy life, and all the vast changes in state and nation have passed under my eyes. The postal service has been improved marvelously."

"They used to charge postage according to the distance the letter went. I have taken for a letter that came 400 miles two bushels of oats, and at other times two bushels of potatoes, four pounds of butter or five dozen of eggs. To rob the mails in the early days meant death. When I was a little boy—it is 79 years ago now—I saw the notorious Har and his accomplice hanged in Baltimore for robbing the mail, and a little later I saw the execution of Hutton and Hull for robbing the mail and killing the driver, named Heaps."—New York Tribune.

The Shark Took Half.

John M. Williams, owner of the yacht Senorita, had his captain row him out to Flat Neck pond, near Greenwich, Conn., on a recent afternoon, where he started to fish for striped bass. The little snappers which abound in these waters bothered him by stealing the bait. He was drawing in the line to unhook a snapper when it began to run out rapidly. He thought that a bass had swallowed the snapper, and after pulling it he reeled it in. As he was pulling the fish into the boat, a big shark rose from the water, bit the bass in halves and swam off with the tail end.

The line broke, and Mr. Williams was obliged to take the boat back to save the piece of fish that was on the hook. He then proceeded homeward, not caring to encounter any more sharks. The part of the bass he got weighed 20 pounds.

Paid For His Land.

A Russian who bought 160 acres of land in Ellis county, Kan., in 1892, the last big wheat year there, had paid nothing on his purchase up to this year, and he allowed the land to run down so that, although he had bought it at \$14, it would not sell for \$5 an acre. His creditor was astonished the other day to receive full payment from the Russian, who had raised a wheat crop that put him on his feet again.

The Naughty Parisian Modiste.

A young Milwaukee woman who had bought a dress in Paris became dissatisfied with its architecture and submitted it to the local milliner for revision. Still it did not suit her, and she finally returned it to Paris for further treatment, a proposition which the maker refused to consider inasmuch as an irregular and unrecognized practitioner had been allowed to operate on the garment.

Attention

Oil Men!

"HOW TO SAVE TIME ON DRILLING WELLS!"

You must know there is a *genuine* power from your belt slipping. Well, we can stop that and so can you. If you will use **GREEN SEAL BELT DRESSING** on your belts.

Read what those drillers say:

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Feb. 20, '07.
Your Dressing is just the thing it covers wear on machinery, and with it we can run a belt that would tear in two if we had to make it tight enough to hold without the Dressing. It is not a good thing for belt manufacturers, but it is a "Daisy" for the users of belts. Besides we have no slipping now.

Yours,

GILCHRIST & GOLDRICH.

We send it out on trial and guarantee it to do all we claim for it.

Write us for a can of it.

PHENIX OIL CO.,

Gumby Block. - - - - - CLEVELAND, OHIO

NO. 64.

Not Side Public Square, First-class Barber Shop, Ladies and Children's Hair Cutting one to order. Special cut for ladies' hair dressing. A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor.

MONEY TO LOAN!

AT 4 PER CENT, in sums of \$500 up, on FARM LANDS and CITY PROPERTY. Loans made for long time, with privilege of paying all or part at any interest rate. LOANS MADE AT ONCE. Call on us when you want CASH money on EASY terms.

LIMA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
Rooms 1 and 2 Metropolitan Bldg., Lima.
O. H. HANCOCK, Attorney.

GLEASON STANDS FIRM.

He Declines to Resign as Candidate For Mayor.

New York, Sept. 23.—The national Democratic state committee met here. Thirty-five of the 50 members were present. Robert A. Weidenman of Rockland county presided. The candidacy of Mayor Patrick J. Gleason of Long Island City for mayor of Greater New York upon a ticket of his own came up for consideration. It was stated that it had been explained to Gleason at a conference of members representing the districts in the boroughs of Greater New York that the National Democratic party might not be in accord with his candidacy and might nominate or endorse some other candidate.

Mayor Gleason was asked to resign. He said he did not intend to resign from this committee and had been nominated for mayor of Greater New York by my fellow citizens and I propose to stick to my colors. You might do well to adopt the emblem of the battle ax." The latter suggestion caused laughter. The committee had just decided to adopt the ship emblem. After further discussion Mr. Gleason's place on the committee was declared vacant and his successor was appointed. Mr. Gleason did not at once vexed at it once left the room.

Insurgent Forces Defeated.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Sept. 23.—The troops of President Zelaya. It is officially announced I have pursued and defeated, near Rivas the insurgent forces under General Paz. The president is now busily engaged in bringing about the imprisonment in various parts of the country of people suspected of conspiring against the government.

Books by Liberal Thinkers.

Saratoga N. Y., Sept. 23.—At the business meeting of the Unitarians a resolution was passed to create a committee for the publication of a series of books by the most liberal thinkers and scholars upon the various aspects of moral and religious life. \$50,000 was resolved upon as the amount of endowment of the New World quarterly. \$1,000 a year was announced as at ready cash.

Welcome at Adams.

Adams, Mass. Sept. 23.—When the presidential train reached the station here the president's private car was shifted a short distance beyond the platform, and nearly at the entrance to the spacious grounds of the Plunkett estate. As the car came to a stop a salute of 21 guns was fired from an eminence in the rear of Mr. Plunkett's residence by a detachment of the local militia company. On the piazza of the mansion Mr. and Mrs. Plunkett received their guests.

An Attachment Sued.

Chicago, Sept. 23.—An attachment suit for \$541,000 was begun against Elmer and Jay Dwigmans and James R. Willard & Company. The defendants are the New York stock brokers who failed about a week ago. The plaintiff, William H. Osgood, is also a New Yorker, who had an account with the defendants, and when they failed had a claim against them for the amount for which he sues.

Her Boiler Boiled.

Port Townsend, Wash., Sept. 23.—When the steamer Queen left Juneau the steamer Al-Kil, from Seattle, was there with her boilers leaking. It will take three or four days to repair her boilers, when she will return south.

H, CHARLIE!

What a pretty Roman Striped Shirt you have on! Where did you get it and what a nobby hat? Your suit is very becoming, and fits you splendid. Was it made to order?

NO, MY DARLING!

The suit is one of Michael's Tailored Made Suits. I bought my complete Fall outfit there, and always find them to keep the most complete and up-to-date line of Clothing and Men's Haberdashery in the city.



Exchange of Views.

What you think about eyes we'll tell you what we think about eyes and a good many facts about eyes and their. What we have done and are doing to better the condition of those with weak sight can be seen from our successes. We have the skill, experience and for thoroughly testing the eyes and fitting glasses. We have been tested, too, and our absolute just proportion of work.

DOLPH FOX,

4 N. Main Street.

Use of Furnings

uggest the necessity of a large fire to keep the children warm.

ne od

nd save a doctor's bill. We have plenty of it, and ready for the love. It's cheaper than any other fuel.

SELFRIODGE CO

by and Tanner Sts.

to Telephone 91 will be cared for

OTOPARA HOUSE

DAY, SEPT. 25, '07

NOTHING BUT FUN

Original Irish Comedians.

RAY & MACK,

in Their Latest Success.

NNIGAN'S

OURTSHIP.

They Big Comedy Company

olly, mball, Chris, Bruno, Herbert Dillon, Frank Waters, Annie Lloyd, Betty Heston, Chas. Walters, Virginia Wade.

oice-Comedy Company on Tour.

L PRICES.

anapolis Brewing Co's

old by E. Humiston at 50

l. Fine.

CITY HOSPITAL

Movement Being Forwarded by Doctors of Medicine and Divinity.

An Enthusiastic Meeting Held Last Night and Committee Appointed to Begin Work.

A few days ago the Pastors' Union and the Lima Medical Society each appointed a committee of six who should unite in taking preliminary steps towards the establishment of a city hospital.

This committee had an enthusiastic and successful meeting last night in the Y. M. C. A. parlors. The following gentlemen were present: Drs. Hiner, Burton, F. G. Stueber, Vall and Bennett; Revs. O. Baum, I. J. Swanson, R. J. Thomson, and O. M. Ropes.

Dr. Hiner was chosen chairman and Rev. O. M. Ropes secretary of the joint committees.

It was agreed to hold a public meeting on the evening of October 8th, at the Congregational church.

Dr. J. B. Vall and Rev. R. J. Thomson were chosen to present the enterprise before this meeting, after which addresses, it is expected that many other citizens who are interested in the movement will speak in its support.

Arrangements were made by the committee to examine sites, and to prepare a provisional constitution and plan of organization, so that the scheme may be laid before the public as definitely as possible.

A committee was appointed to confer with railroads and other corporations with a view to enlisting their support and patronage.

The heartiness and unanimity with which the committee took hold of the work gives good reason to expect that ere long our vigorous and constantly growing city will be furnished with this much needed provision for the sick, those injured by accidents in the many shops and railroads operating in and about Lima, and will have a hospital which not only will be accomplishing a gratifying amount of good, but will be a source of pride to our citizens.

LIMA PRESBYTERY.

Fall Meeting to be Held at Venedocia Monday and Tuesday.

The fall meeting of the Lima Presbytery will be held at Venedocia Monday evening, Sept. 27, and Tuesday, Sept. 28, closing with a Sunday school meeting on Tuesday evening. From forty to fifty ministers and laymen will be delegates. Rev. W. G. Smith, of this city, is the moderator, and will preach the opening sermon. The Sunday school convention will begin Tuesday afternoon. It is expected that a number of visitors will attend from the Presbyterian Sunday school in Van Wert and vicinity.

ST. ROSE CHURCH.

(Continued From Eighth Page.)

eleven till two o'clock, seventy-five guests enjoying the hospitality of the family. The wedding breakfast consisted of:

Blue Points on the Shell. Olives. Spring Chicken a la Maryland. Potatoes a la St. Julien. French Fries. Lemon Sherbet. Sweet Breads a la Montgras. Tomatoes stuffed a la Potage. Lobster Salad. Glace Fruit. Whipped Cream. Ice Cream. Baked Peaches. Cakes. Bent Crackers Toasted. Edam Cheese. Cafe Noir.

Almonds. Box Bona. The happy couple left this afternoon for Norwich, N. Y., where they will visit the groom's parents, going from there to their future home in New York city, where the groom occupies an important position in the New York Custom house.

The bride is a charming young girl, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. Christen. She has been highly educated in the Ursuline convent at Nottingham and the Dana Musical Institute at Warren, and will be greatly missed by her relatives and friends.

The presents included much solid silver, out glass, rare bric-a-brac, and checks for handsome amounts from the father of the bride and father of the groom.

The guests from out of town were: Miss Ethel Shiley, Cleveland; Mrs. Wm. Hawley, Detroit; Miss Ella Fahy, Marion; Mrs. Anna Gustafson, Cleveland; Mrs. James Pendergast, Marion; Miss May Epke, Miss Anna Grady, Toledo; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jones, Upper Sandusky; Miss Jennie Kaiser, Mansfield; Miss Rose Jones, Upper Sandusky; Mr. J. J. Mayer, Cleveland; Mr. John Wood, Dayton.

Murray & Mack—Saturday.

Murray & Mack, in a new combination of complications such as usually beset Finnigan and Casey when they wander forth together in quest of "a bit of fun" or "a hand in a dispute," will constitute an evening of hilarious fun and hearty enjoyment when these two popular comedians make their appearance at the Opera house next Saturday night with their great farce comedy. The company in support is one of specialists, those who will not only act in support of the comedy parts, but also add special touches at times required in the action of the piece.

For a Square Meal

call at the Earl House restaurant.

call at the Earl House restaurant.

G. E. BLUEM.

57 PUBLIC SQUARE.

G. E. BLUEM.

Fall Silks, Dress Goods and Cloaks.

Hundreds of new styles will be shown this week at prices considerably below the regular market values. This will be a good week to buy your Cloaks and Dress Goods for Fall and Winter wear.

Fall Dress Goods.

We now show a most beautiful collection of foreign and domestic Dress Goods. Our 50c, 75c and \$1.00 Dress Goods are such that cannot be duplicated again at these prices.

Fall and Winter Underwear

At Astonishingly Low Prices.

The price of wool and wool-mixed Underwear must inevitably be higher, so the timely sale we inaugurate this week affords a very unusual opportunity to secure both Fall and Winter Underwear, as prices, in many cases are actually lower than ever before known.

Nobby Jackets

FOR

Ladies, Misses and Children.

A handsomer line or a larger assortment of Nobby Jackets was never shown in Lima before and you will do well to make your selection now. You can buy a very stylish Jacket here for \$5.

Blanket Bargains.

Blanket business is booming here because prices are low and the values are good. If you wish to save money buy now while the stock is full and satisfying.

G. E. BLUEM,

57 PUBLIC SQUARE,

The Dry Goods, Dress Goods and Cloak House.

THE RAILROADS.

(Continued From Eighth Page.)

entire system must necessarily be greatly handicapped.

THE DETROIT EXTENSION.

G. G. Hadley, Sr., commercial agent of the Detroit & Lima Northern and the Detroit, Toledo & Milwaukee, with headquarters at Detroit, was in the city yesterday afternoon, says the Toledo Bee. Speaking of the extension of the Detroit & Lima Northern, he said:

"Work on the extension of our line into Detroit was begun to day. It started with one hundred teams and several hundred men. The contract for grading has been let to the Ferguson Construction Company, of New York, the Russell-Lynch Construction Company, of Pittsburgh, being a sub-contractor. The Detroit & Lima Northern trains have been heretofore running into Detroit over the Wabash tracks from Britton, but the right of way has been secured over the entire route, and within four months we promise to have a line of our own in full operation between Toledo and Detroit."

Mr. Hadley said further that the business outlook of the Michigan line was very encouraging.

LETTER FROM MR. BRADNURY.

A letter from George L. Bradbury, vice president and general manager of the Lake Erie & Western, states that he expects to sail for home from Europe about October 2. In Paris Mrs. Bradbury was taken down with typhoid fever, and for several days her life was in danger, but she is rapidly recovering, and it is thought that she will be able to travel by the time mentioned.

WORK COMMENCED.

A special from Dundee, Mich., to the Adrian Times says: "Work begins on the new railroad to-day, with Foreman Wm. Dougherty, 40 men, 50 teams, 18 wagons, 34 wheel scrapers, 34 tents in all, three or four big dogs, and four cooks. This new road is the extension of the Lima Northern."

L. E. & W. BRAKEMAN INJURED.

Brakeman Winters, of the L. E. & W., had the thumb of his right hand mashed behind a coupling pin while in the act of making a coupling at Findlay last night. He left for his home in Fremont this afternoon.

NOTES.

Harry Lawlor has resigned his position at the L. E. & W. shops. Karl Henne has resigned his position at the L. E. & W. shops and will return to his home in the old country.

The Erie handled Sunday what it claims is the largest excursion taken

into Chicago since the world's fair. The excursion was run from Indiana, and 4,436 tickets were sold.

General manager Waldo, general superintendent Turner and the chief engineer of the O. H. & D., are in the city this afternoon on business concerning the new O. H. & D. shops. The officials are very anxious to have the construction of the shop to begin just as soon as possible so that they can be gotten under roof before winter. The officials are disappointed that the buildings on the lot which the railroad purchased have not been moved away yet. All the plans for the shop are completed and the buildings remaining on the land are delaying the beginning of the work.

75 Cents to Detroit.

Saturday, Sept. 25th, via the Detroit & Lima Northern Ry. Train leaves Wayne street depot at 6:25 a. m. Returning, train leaves Detroit at 7:30 p. m.

OIL AND GAS.

THERE ARE OTHER FIELDS.

While gushers are being completed in the Hume and Peru fields one must not forget the famous old Wood county, for it often brings forth its big ones. The last one completed is in the famous St. John pool, and is the property of Finley, Hartigan & Co., and is No. 4 on the Kramer farm, in section 36, Plain township. It has a record at the start of 25 barrels an hour and still maintains a daily output of 300 barrels. The location is half a mile southwest from the St. John. The lease was formerly owned by Lincoln & Dunn, who, it is said, disposed of it for a song.

The big well struck a month ago by the Mott Oil Company on the Snyder farm, east from Findlay, in Hancock county, is the wonder of the age. It is reported to be flowing 500 barrels a day, and does not share its glory with any of the surrounding wells.

STANDARD NEW PIPE LINE.

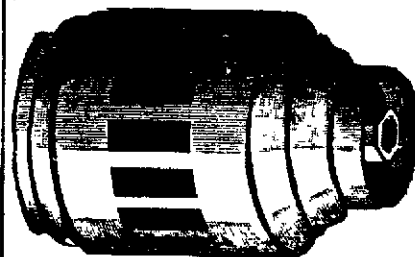
A dispatch from Anderson, Ind., to the Toledo Blade says:

The Standard Oil Company began operating its new line into the Alexandria oil field yesterday. The connection was made midway between Montpelier and Alexandria by the two forces of men who had been working toward each other, and the pump at Alexandria was started yesterday morning. The new line is four inches in diameter and will handle 3,000 barrels a day—over twice the present production of the field. It is buried well and is very substantial. The move on the part of the Standard is taken as a very favorable indication as to expert opinions of the field. Drilling is progressing very nicely and if there was

GREAT AVALANCHE!

A Long Slide Downward in the Prices of Shoes.

Another large bankrupt stock added to our big store. We will also consolidate our Spencerville stock with our Lima stock shortly, and to make room for these additions and the big shipments of new and stylish Shoes from eastern factories, we will offer unprecedented bargains in every pair of Shoes in our store for thirty days. Come to see us. We will save you 25 to 35 per cent. in your purchases.



THE HUB SHOE STORE.

135 N. Main St., Lima, O.

WANTED.

WANTED—Girl for general housework, in small family. Call at 474 West McKibben street. 4-3t

WANTED—A competent, reliable nurse, girl, experienced in the care of children. Apply at once at 338 East Market street, to Mrs. O. B. Selridge.

FOR RENT—House on West Spring street, between Metcalf and Baxter streets. Apply to James Pillars, 636 West Spring street. 4-3t

MONEY LOANED—on personal property, watches, jewelry, bicycles, and all kinds of household goods. All kinds of second hand clothing bought and sold. 111 East Wayne street, Lawlor block. 4-11y

a slight raise in the price of oil every thing would hum. Several 100 and 200 barrels are being brought in.

THE MARKET.

South Lima..... 42
Indian..... 43
North Lima..... 47
Pennsylvania..... 49

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. F. Vothkamp, a. s. cor. North and Main sts., Lima.

Frog Legs.

See and bulk oysters at Kline's. 4-23.

HOW GOOD COFFEE IS MADE.

Different Methods in Use at New York Hotels and Restaurants.

If there is one particular branch of the culinary art in which the average housewife judges herself, it is in her ability to make good coffee. As far as comparing the favorite breakfast beverage is concerned, she is none times out of ten does not include herself; but ask any man who is the least bit of a bon vivant and he will tell you that not one woman in 100 can make an after dinner coffee that is fit to drink. The coffee that is set before him at the family table is as different from the clear, brown black stimulating liquid that is served in the clubs, restaurants and big hotels as is water from wine. He wonders why this should be; but, were he to pay a visit to the precincts sacred to the stewards of our large hotels and there learn just how much time, care and money are devoted to the preparation of this one concomitant of a well served dinner, his respect for the housewife's efforts would probably increase, while his enjoyment of the postprandial nectar would doubtless be augmented.

One of the most important officials in every large hotel and restaurant in the city is known as the "coffee man." His sole duty consists in buying, blending and making the gallons of coffee that are consumed daily by the guests. He is very apt to have pronounced ideas regarding blends and mixtures, but his far excellence is the particular kind of coffeepot or urn to be used in concocting the beverage.

The views of the Waldorf coffee man differ from those of the superintendent of the Imperial. At the Fifth Avenue another blend and another mode of compounding are adopted, while at the Arena the method of coffee making is peculiarly their own. At the Waldorf the blend favored for breakfast coffee is two-thirds of a pound of Mocha to one-third of Java. The Waldorf coffee man does not favor coffee that is finely ground, but soaks it in cold water for a full hour before it is put in the large sieves of the countless huge silver urns of the establishment. For breakfast he uses about a pound of coffee to 5 quarts of water. This is poured through the sieve and strainers, which are arranged in the urns in the regulation French coffeepot fashion, four times. The result is a clear, amber colored liquid of excellent flavor and strength.

For the after dinner coffee he prefers a blend that is composed of rather more Java than Mocha, and but 4 quarts of water are allowed to the pound. The process of making is the same.

At the Arena coffee is made on the tables in Viennese coffeepots by what is known as the steaming process. There the mixture consists of equal parts of Mocha and Java. About an ounce is allowed to each individual pot. The pots themselves are quaint looking affairs of hammered brass, porcelain lined and with glass tops. Underneath is swung a small spirit lamp. In the body of the pot is placed a sufficient quantity of cold water, while the allotted ounce of Mocha and Java is put, perfectly dry and very finely ground, in the glass top. When the water boils, the steam slowly ascends through a tube, and as it permeates the dry coffee drop by drop the pure coffee essence falls into a receiver, with the result that a perfectly pure, full flavored coffee of the fullest strength is obtained. This process is also used by many of the quaint restaurants affected by the foreign element, but the coffee used is the strong black blend popularly known as Turkish. Russian coffee is also made in the Viennese pots. The mixture consists of equal parts of Rio, Mocha and Java, to which has been added a tablespoonful of dark brown sugar, a tablespoonful of rum and a liquor glass of kummel.

At both the Imperial and the Fifth Avenue the Mocha and Java mixture is favored, but at these hotels both French and Viennese pots are tabooed, and the old fashioned method of straining the coffee through a flannel bag prevails.—New York Times.

Antiquity of Welsh Melodies.

The antiquity of many Welsh melodies is traced with difficulty, but there are good reasons for believing that "The March of the Monks of Bangor" dates back to the event which it celebrates and that it was in reality the strain by which those devoted men, the white monks of Bangor Iscoed, marched to their bloody fate at the hands of the Saxons on the 12th of July, 1284. The munging of major and minor phrases is one of the internal evidences of age. A fine martial tread sounds through each measure, combined with the spirit of exalted piety and the rhythm boldly paints the long procession of white cowled monks bearing peaceful banners and in faith taking their way to Chester to stimulate the valor of their countrymen away back in the seventh century.—Looker On

A Face Reader Tells What He Thinks of Some Men's Features.

When a face reader was asked for his opinion of an article, "The Chin," as an index, printed in the St. Louis Clinique, he replied:

"The thing is unscientific. The writer says the protruding chin marks the get there type of man, that the broad chin denotes dignity, that the dimpled chin indicates coquettishness, that the retreating chin is the chin of failure and that the other kinds of chin which he describes stand for the other traits of character which he associates with them. His statements are unsupported by proofs or illustrations from life or from pictorial art. Had he given the names of people, notable historical persons rather than contemporaries, having chins of the several varieties spoken of, his description of the traits of their possession would have been more entertaining, for in each case presented one could have formed his own opinion as to the correspondence between the feature and the mental quality which he seeks to associate with it. Cortes, for example, Cromwell and Peter the Great were certainly men of the get there type, but he would hardly say that they had protruding chins.

So also in regard to the other kinds of chin, from the dignified and the coquettish to the executive and the humble, I would say, let him show me the portraits of some of the parties whose chins give confirmation to his theory. My own study of the pictured features of the eminent men of past and present times has led me to believe that a face reader must be very wary when he makes remarks upon the chin as an index to character. I could refer you to the features of plenty of men who are yet among the living. Li Hung Chang is not very yielding or helpless or easily discouraged, yet no one who ever saw him failed to observe that he has a retreating chin—one which retreats almost out of sight, so that not even his best friend would speak of it as protruding. What about that? Again, it will be admitted that Bismarck belongs to the get there type of humanity, and yet his chin falls behind the frontal line and also the line of the molar bone. It is far from protrusive. Look at the chin of the pugilist, Fitzsimmons.

"I could take up all of the kinds of chin described in The Clinique's article and show you that plenty of the people who have any one of the kinds do not possess the mental or moral character set down over against it by the writer in that periodical, who must be a very poor sort of face reader.

"There are physiognomists who, after studying a man's features from his chin and nose to his upper story, can make a pretty fair guess as to the nature of his invisible traits, but they cannot always be sure that they get things right, and everybody knows that they often get things wrong, more especially when they have not previously had any knowledge of the man's life or idiosyncrasies.

"I repeat that it is very hard to get at the characteristics of any one's mind by his chin, and, in truth, it is not easy to get at them by any or all of the lineaments of his face. Many a great man has had features which would very surely lead the sharpest physiognomist to draw erroneous conclusions from them. Who, upon seeing the face of Thomas Carlyle, without knowing of his works, would ever have taken him to be the great thinker that he was?

"There have been plenty of heroes whose looks were misleading, and lots of poets whose features could not be made to rhyme, and some saints whose faces would never remind you of a cherub, and any number of other people between whose facial conformation and mental traits it would be impossible to trace the correspondence. I know a strong character who has a neck of no account, an anomalous mouth, inexpressive eyes, a narrow brow and not much of a chin. You could not guess what kind of a soul he had by looking at him. A witty writer once said that if Cleopatra's nose had been shorter the face of the world might have been changed, and perhaps it might. Look at that feature in Socrates or in some of the mummied Egyptians who were once lords of the Nile, or in several of the English kings, or in nearly all the illustrious Chinese, or in most of the Finnish bards, or in squads of the German princes. I have seen a picture of Captain Kidd, once famous as a pirate, and it seemed, when carefully scanned, as though genius were there. It was said of Mirabeau that he was ugly enough to be the nephew of the Old Serpent. Thus things were, and thus they are yet. So it goes all along in history and all through the inscrutable apparitions of time.

"You had better throw into your waste basket the article of the in consequential speculator in The Clinique who talks about chins."—New York Sun.

A Picture Which Shows Just What It Is Made Of.

Lord Armstrong, a famous student of electricity, has succeeded in photographing an electric spark. He claims that there is no such thing as an "electric fluid," that electricity is purely a vortex movement, such as we see when watching rings of smoke drift from the mouth of the smoker.

The "electricity," like the smoke, moves over and over the circumference of the ring—that is, it is sucked in by one face of the ring and out by the other.

This simple discovery may revolutionize many established theories. Lord Armstrong's photographs are said to show to the eye the exact difference between the positive and negative poles. A camera and powerful electric machine were placed in a room. On the sensitive plate contained in the camera a light and fine powder had been sifted, so that when the electricity was discharged the dust upon the plate would be driven about by electric streams, and at the same time the light would affect the plate. But a small fraction of a second was required for the electricity to give the luminosity necessary to enable it to be caught in the act of settling the dust in commotion.

The picture shows a black spot in the center, which is the metallic disk which rested on the photographic plate and received the positive discharge from the electric machine. The electricity radiates from the center in streams which appear like feathery illuminated roots of a plant.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

BLOOMERS DID NOT BLOOM.

And Ending of a Demonstration in Favor of "Rational Dress."

The supporters of the rational dress congress of England had arranged with seven women's cycling clubs to make a bloomer demonstration by wheeling from London to Oxford, where the dinner of the congress, which is under the presidency of Viscountess Herberton, took place. The movement was under the patronage of Ladies Colin Campbell, Randolph Churchill, Richardson and Henry Somerset, the Countess of Warwick, Lord Coleridge, Sarah Grand, W. T. Stead and others. Prizes were offered for the best three costumes, and the invitation circular said that only one condition would be enforced—namely, that the competitors must wear rational dress, skirts not being tolerated under any circumstances.

At the time of the departure of the riders, 10 o'clock a. m., a large crowd gathered in Hyde park to witness the display, but only three riders appeared. One of them wore a short black jacket with red lapels, a high collar, white shirt, red necktie, a straw hat and voluminous black bloomers. The second competitor wore a light blouse of sage green, a belted hat and a skirt like a bishop's apron. The third contestant had on a Trilby hat and a long coat, with gaiters. All three of the bicyclists were unmercifully chaffed by the crowd. The riders could not stand the storm of chaff and eventually fled, amid the cheers of the crowd.

Dig Up an Aerolite.

The other morning an aerolite fell from the sky in the shape of a ball of fire on Railroad avenue in Candor, N. Y. The ball penetrated the earth for a depth of six feet or more and steam poured from the hole in volumes. On the following day Dr. R. W. St. Clair employed some men, who dug out the strange visitor. It is in the shape of a ball, weighs 3 pounds 14 ounces and measures 1 foot 3 inches in circumference. It is composed of white and yellow stones, very brilliant and varying in size. All of the stones are square, with smooth surface, and as clearly cut as if made by a workman. They are of various colors and have a close resemblance to diamonds. Dr. St. Clair has sent the ball to Yale college for examination and information regarding it.—Exchange.

Guaranteed to Be Genuine.

The dragomans generally profess to be experts in the matter of scarabs as well as all other relics, and they certainly succeed in looking very wise when purchases are submitted to them, but when you ask them how they know a real from a fictitious scarab their answers are usually evasive and distinctly disingenuous. You generally find that the dragoman's game is to discredit all the scarabs bought by his party and then to confide to the travelers one by one that he has a genuine, an undoubted scarab for sale which he will give you as a great personal favor because he has taken a liking to you, for, say, a couple of pounds.

One dragoman was cross questioned upon such an occasion by an American tourist. "Well," said the latter, "I feel inclined to buy it, but how am I to know that it is real?" "Because I tell you, sir," said the dragoman, drawing himself up, "and I ought to know." "Yes, that is all very well for you, but how am I to know that you ought to know?" "Because, sir," said the dragoman, wholly unconscious of giving himself away, "my brother and I have the chief manufactory for scarabs and antiquities in this part of Egypt, and we know more about them than anybody." The American did not buy the scarab.—Chambers' Journal.

"I have nothing in the store that sells so well or gives such general satisfaction as Dr. Fowler's Elix. of Wild Strawberry. I always recommend it in cases of summer complaint or bowel trouble of any kind." O. A. West, Bainsborough, O.

REASONS FOR USING

Walter Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa.



1. Because it is absolutely pure.
2. Because it is not made by the so-called Dutch Process in which chemicals are used.
3. Because beans of the finest quality are used.
4. Because it is made by a method which preserves unimpaired the exquisite natural flavor and color of the beans.
5. Because it is the most economical, costing less than one cent a cup.

Be sure that you get the genuine article made by WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD., DORCHESTER, ENGLAND. Established 1724.

Color.

The poster girl was heliotope, but calm.

"You will doubtless find my state unconventional, not to say bizarre," she was saying, somewhat sadly. "You see I am expected to lead color to a great many occasions and there is so much carelessness these days about returning things, don't you see?"

Clearly the spirit of the past couldn't do a thing but become more bewildered than ever.—Detroit Journal

Lightning Hot News! What a Funny Name! Very True, but it Kicks An Pain! Sold Everywhere, Every Day! Without Relief, There is No Pay!

CINCINNATI HAMILTON & DAYTON, INC. CINCINNATI INDIANAPOLIS CHICAGO DAYTON TOLEDO DETROIT

Excursions via O., H. & D. R. R. Co.

Shelby County Fair, Sidney, Ohio. For the above occasion agents of the O. H. & D. Ry. stations between Dayton and Lima, will sell tickets to Sidney and return on one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold September 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, and 1st of October.

Cheap Excursion to the Great Lakes via O. H. & D. Railway, good to return until October 1. And Search 7:35: Cincinatti 8:35: Alpena, 9:35: St. Ignace, 10:35: Cheboygan, 11:35: Mackinac Island, 12:35: Petoskey or Bay Mills, 1:35: Ontonagon, 2:35: Duluth, 3:35: Cleveland, 4:35: Buffalo, 5:35. These tickets are on sale every day.

Nashville, Tenn. Via O. H. & D. Ry. The O. H. & D. are now selling tickets to Nashville at very low rates, as follows: Tickets good to return until Nov. 7th. Tickets good to return until 25 days from date, \$15.50; tickets good to return until 10 days from date, \$20.50. The 10-day tickets are on sale Tuesday and Thursday of each week. Others on sale daily.

Niagara Falls and return and to all other Eastern resorts at very low rates. Sunday rates on the O. H. & D. R. will be one fare for the round trip to all points. A. J. McGowan, Ticket Agent.

Excursions via Chicago & Erie Ry.

Union Veterans Legion National Encampment, Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 21 and 22, 1897. On account of above meeting, the Chicago & Erie will sell on above dates round trip tickets to Columbus at rate of \$1.00 from Lima, and return on the same date, with an extension of 15 days if tickets are deposited with agent at union station. For terms etc., apply to E. C. McCort.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Sept. 22 and 23, 1897. On above dates the Chicago & Erie will sell excursion tickets to Niagara Falls and return for \$2.50 from Lima, good returning until Sept. 25th, inclusive. For time of trains and other information apply to E. C. McCort, Agent.

A RESOLUTION

To Improve East North Street from Scott Street to Tingle Alley.

Be it resolved by the Council of the City of Lima, Ohio, that it is hereby declared necessary to improve East North Street from Scott Street to Tingle Alley by centering the same in accordance with the plans and profiles relating to said improvement on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer; the cost and expense of said improvement shall be assessed per front foot upon the lots and lands abutting thereon; said assessment shall be payable in two annual installments. And the Clerk is hereby directed to cause this resolution to be published for two weeks in a newspaper published and of general circulation in the corporation, and E. C. Cunningham is hereby appointed to serve notice of the passage of this resolution upon the owners of property abutting upon said improvement who are residents of Allen county, Ohio. Adopted this 20th day of September, A. D. 1897. President of Council, J. M. McVay. C. E. Lynch, City Clerk. 9:22 with 18

A RESOLUTION

To Improve North West Street, from Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad to McKibben Street.

Be it resolved by the Council of the City of Lima, Ohio, that it is hereby declared necessary to improve North West Street from Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad to McKibben Street, by side street the same in accordance with the plans and profiles relating to said improvement on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer; the cost and expense of said improvement shall be assessed per front foot upon the lots and lands abutting thereon; said assessment shall be payable in two annual installments. And the Clerk is hereby directed to cause this resolution to be published for two weeks in a newspaper published and of general circulation in the corporation, and E. C. Cunningham is hereby appointed to serve notice of the passage of this resolution upon the owners of property abutting upon said improvement who are residents of Allen county, Ohio. Adopted this 20th day of September, A. D. 1897. President of Council, J. M. McVay. C. E. Lynch, City Clerk. 9:22 with 18

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Ex. Dec. 10. Case No. 3081. Page 128. Will S. Simpson, Plaintiff. Michael O'Brien, et al. Defendants. Allen County, Ohio. vs. Common Pleas.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, and so directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the court house in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1st, A. D. 1897. Between the hours of one o'clock and four o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements situate in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at a point in the south line of lot 18 (18 feet and 10 inches), and of the south-west corner of lot 19 (19 feet and 10 inches) and 85 feet and 10 inches (85 feet and 10 inches) in the north line of the city of Lima; thence north parallel with the west line of said lot 18 to a point in the north line of said lot 18; thence east on said north line to a point 85 feet and 10 inches from the place of beginning, and fronting on said north line 85 feet and 10 inches; thence to the record of plat of said addition, and being a part of said lot 18, and 85 feet and 10 inches (85 feet and 10 inches) in the north line of said lot 18. Appraised at \$1,000.00. Terms of sale—cash. AARON PUNTER, Sheriff. Allen county, Ohio. Lima, Ohio, September 24th, 1897. Prosser & Egan, as plaintiff's attorneys.

AN ORDINANCE

To Improve McDonald Street from West Wayne Street to McKibben Street by Centering the Same With the Old Stone About to Be Removed from North Main Street.

Be it ordained by the Council of Lima, Ohio, as follows: Section 1. That the improvement of McDonald Street be proceeded with in accordance with a resolution to improve the same adopted on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1897, by centering the same with the old stone about to be removed from 14th Main Street, and in accordance with the plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer, and abutting the following lots and parcels of land, viz:

Lot 18 and 19, 85 feet and 10 inches (85 feet and 10 inches) in the north line of said lot 18; thence east on said north line to a point 85 feet and 10 inches from the place of beginning, and fronting on said north line 85 feet and 10 inches; thence to the record of plat of said addition, and being a part of said lot 18, and 85 feet and 10 inches (85 feet and 10 inches) in the north line of said lot 18. Appraised at \$1,000.00. Terms of sale—cash. AARON PUNTER, Sheriff. Allen county, Ohio. Lima, Ohio, September 24th, 1897. Prosser & Egan, as plaintiff's attorneys.

Assignee's Sale of Real Estate.

In pursuance of the order of the probate court of Allen county, Ohio, I will offer for sale at public auction on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 25th, 1897. at 1 o'clock p. m., at the east door of the court house in said county and state, the following described real estate, to-wit: A part of the east half of the northwest quarter of section twenty-nine, township three north range seven east, described as follows: beginning at a point marked by a peg in the center of the 1st day road 1350 feet in a northerly direction to a stone where the center line of North Sugar street in the city of Lima, Allen county, Ohio, crosses the center line of the said Findlay road; thence north 150 feet; thence east 125 feet; thence south 125 feet; thence along the center line of the Findlay road south 60 degrees, being 125 feet, to the point of beginning, containing 45 1/2 acres of land, more or less. Appraised at \$1000.00. Terms of Sale—One-half cash in hand on day of sale, balance in one year; deferred payment to be secured by mortgage on the premises. JOHN M. BOONE, Trustee for Peter M. Boone. James G. Lamson, attorney for John M. Boone. mon 6-23-97

Notice of Petition.

Notice is hereby given that a petition has been presented to the City Council for the vacation of a strip of land ten (10) feet in width off the north side of east Main street, and extending from Harrison avenue to the east line of lot number 281. Said petition will be for hearing and final action by the City Council after six (6) weeks publication of this notice. By order of Council, Lima, Ohio, August 9th, 1897. C. E. Lynch, City Clerk. 9:11 with 58

Notice to Sewer Contractors

Bids will be received at the City Clerk's office until 12 o'clock noon, of Saturday, October 2nd, 1897, for the construction of a sewer on Collett street, from North street to Baker street. Said sewer to be constructed of a first class quality of 12 inch sewer pipe, and in accordance with the plans now on file in the Engineer's office, and to the acceptance of the City Council. C. E. Lynch, City Clerk. Lima, O., Sept. 21, 1897. 9:22 with 28

Notice of Appointment.

Estate of H. H. Hitchcock, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of H. H. Hitchcock, late of Lima, Allen county, Ohio, deceased. Dated the 21st day of August, A. D. 1897. ERNEST W. HUNTER, Administrator. 9:13

Notice of Appointment.

Estate of Henry J. Lawlor, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of Henry J. Lawlor, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased. Dated this 10th day of Sept. A. D. 1897. ALFRED E. MANNING, Administrator. 9:13

MONEY TO LOAN.

We have a large sum of money to loan on city property and improved farm lands at the VERY LOWEST RATE OF INTEREST with the privilege of paying part of all at any interest paying day. Persons wishing CHEAP MONEY are on SHORT NOTICE will find it to be to their interest to call on C. H. FOLSON, Real Estate and Loan Broker, Rooms 2 and 3, Holmes Block, 6-13-97

The Prodigal Wastes

His substances in reckless advertising. Advertising that misleads is reckless. Technically true, practically false, is all advertising that implies a stock that the advertisers cannot show. Such advertising abounds. Our store news is not reckless. Tripping or unworthy items not admitted.

Come and See the New Store. Visit the Millinery Department of the

Metellus Thomson
DRY GOODS CO.
NORTH MAIN ST.

We exhibit the finest line of imported Hats and Bonnets ever shown in Lima, representing every Parisian and London designer of any importance.



WINTER SET.

The illustration given to-day shows a Hat of green silk felt. It has a square topped crown and a broad, curling brim. A heavy green ostrich plume lies along the brim on either side, drooping over the edge. In front is an egret of finely plaited Nile green satin which is held in place by an ornament of paste and pearls.

Muslin Underwear.

Careful people make the Underwear we sell. The business is scientifically perfect. That gives our public more elaborate garments than they'd have the time and patience to make at home at prices that make home sewing wasteful.

Corset Covers, 10 and 15 cents.
Ladies' Drawers, 15, 25 and 39 cents.
Ladies' Night Gowns, 39, 50, 75 and 98 cents.
Ladies' Skirts, 45, 68 and 75 cents.
Elegant variety of new and beautiful Muslin Underwear for Women, Misses and Children. Sale this week.

Chinaware.

The second ringing of the first bell. Our closing out sale made great sales. Odds from several decorated patterns, none complete, for full dinner sets. They must be sold, not carried. We need the room for coming new fall goods, and it is coming fast and furious from the largest markets of the world.

Notice.

Prices that follow are compared with values. Assortment broken, China perfect. Half prices about.

Breakfast Plates, 4 cents.
Dinner Plates, 5 cents.
Decorated Breakfast Plates, 5 cents.
Decorated Dinner Plates, 6 cents.
Decorated Cups and Saucers, 7 cents.
Four inch Sauce Dishes, 12 cents.
Decorated small Butter Plates, 3 cents.
Decorated Sugar Bowls, 20 cents.
Eight inch Pitchers, 7 cents.
Ten-inch Pitchers, 13 cents.
Twelve-inch Pitchers, 20 cents.
Fourteen inch Pitchers, 30 cents.
Decorated Sauce Dishes, 24 cents.
Five-inch Decorated Vegetable Dish, 7 cents.
Seven-inch Decorated Vegetable Dish, 10 cents.
Eight-inch Decorated Vegetable Dish, 12 cents.
Seven inch long Decorated Vegetable Dish, 12 cents.
Eight-inch long Decorated Vegetable Dish, 15 cents.
Elegant large covered Tureens, finely decorated, for 40 cents.
Nicely decorated three quart Pitchers, 20 cents.
Nicely decorated four quart Pitchers, 30 cents.
Handsome large Pitchers for 15 cents.
Special prices on fine and attractive hand painted three colors and gold ware will also be included in this sale. The entire lot must go.

THE NEW STORE.

Metellus Thomson
DRY GOODS CO.,

North Main Street, West Side of
Court, Between Block.

ST. ROSE CHURCH

The Scene of a Brilliant Event This Morning.

HOSTS OF HAPPY FRIENDS

Witness the Christen-Bolger Septuple-Wedding Breakfast at the Bride's Home—Future Home to be in New York.

The wedding bells pealed joyously for the plighting of the troth of Mr. Matthew C. Bolger and Miss M. J. Christen, this morning at St. Rose church, which was profusely decorated with bridal flowers for the occasion, and filled with the many friends of the bride.

At nine o'clock the sweet strains of the Lohengrin wedding march announced the approach of the bridal party. First the ushers, Mr. Ed Kirk and Mr. Leo Christen, then the little flower maidens, Misses Frances Robinson and Katherine O'Day, each in fairy-like frocks of white organdie, with pink slippers and hose and pink sashes. From their baskets they strewed the pathway with flowers for the bride and groom who entered next.

The bride was a picture fair to look upon in her gown of ivory Duchesse satin made with court train and high bodice, with lace and pearl trimmings with orange blossoms for garniture. The bridal veil was secured by a handsome diamond and pearl ornament and her bouquet was of bride's roses. Then followed the bridesmaid and groomsmen and then the maid of honor. The maid of honor, Miss Rose Jones, a cousin of the bride, was beautiful in a dainty gown of white organdie over yellow silk and also wore a picturesque black hat and carried a shower bouquet of yellow roses.

The bridesmaid, Miss Gertrude Finley, wore a most becoming gown of pink silk veiled in white mouse line de sole, a handsome black Gainsboro hat, and a shower bouquet of pink roses completed her costume.

Mr. Joe Bolger, brother of the groom, was the best man.

Reaching the altar the entire party stood for a few minutes; then the bride and groom entered the chancel and the attendants were seated. Father Manning celebrated high mass in a most impressive manner, holy communion being administered, as is usual with the wedding service of this church.

The choir under the efficient leadership of Mr. E. Christen, father of the bride, and assisted by Professor Frey's orchestra, gave Herman Gerold's mass in F. Miss Mary O'Connor was the able organist who helped so much to make the music entrancing.

The soloists were Miss Anna Grady, soprano; Miss Shelly, contralto; Mr. Laughlin, tenor; the other singers being Miss Maggie O'Neill, Mrs. Foley, Mrs. E. Christen, Mr. Leo Christen, and Mr. Christen. The music all through the ceremony was very well rendered.

The ceremonies concluded with the benediction and Mendelssohn's wedding march was the recessional for the bridal procession, which immediately returned to the handsome home of the bride's parents on east Market street. "Happy is the bride that the sun shines on," and the day has been an ideal one for a bride, the home seeming even more beautiful than the perfect day, for it was transformed into a perfect bower, under the skillful hands of the florist, and the numerous electric lights made everything glow. The east parlor was in lavender and white, the drawing room in pink and white, the music room yellow and white, the reception room in various autumn flowers, while the dining room was in pure white for the bridal party. The orchestra made everything merry for the reception which lasted from

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

SAD DEATH.

Mrs. Helen Swindler Died This Morning from Peritonitis.

Mrs. Helen, wife of William J. Swindler, of 333 west Wayne street, died this morning after one week's illness from peritonitis. The deceased was born in New York and was 32 years of age. She leaves her husband and two children to mourn their loss. The family removed to this city two weeks ago. Mr. Swindler, who is a boilermaker, having secured employment here. Arrangements for the funeral services have not been completed.

Chart Opens Friday Morning.

Reserved seat chart for the Scottish Reformation opens to-morrow morning at McVillie's drug store. The tickets purchased from participants should be exchanged for reserved seats. Chart for Monday and Tuesday both open at once. Go early and get good seats. You can't afford to miss this magnificent production. It

Stopped at the Harrod.

James J. Corbett, upon his arrival in this city to day, became a guest at the Harrod House, on east Market street.

Go to the California Wine Co.'s for pure grape brandy, a positive cure for all stomach trouble. codif

YOUNG BOYS

Practicing Deeds of Highwaymen, Assault Two Men

AND ROB ONE OF THEM.

Carried Beer Into an Old Cemetery—Several Arrests Made—Bernard Brannon Escapes—Other Police News

For some time past the police have had almost an endless amount of trouble with a gang of worthless young fellows, of ages ranging from 14 to 19 years, who congregate in and about the C. H. & D. north yards and drink beer and create all manner of disturbances among more peacefully inclined citizens. Day before yesterday they carried a keg of beer into the old Catholic cemetery, and after knocking the head out of one end of the keg drank the contents and indulged in a disgraceful carousal.

ROBBED AN OLD MAN.

Yesterday afternoon they had about twenty bottles of beer at the old graveyard and about 4 o'clock, when an aged farmer was passing along on the C. H. & D. track, they assaulted him and took from him some knives, forks and spoons he was taking home. The man finally escaped from his assailants by running. Theodore Caskey, of Second street, who was returning from Cairo, happened upon the scene about this time and seeing the old gentleman running, approached the crowd of noisy hoodlums and inquired what the trouble was about. "Well show you," replied one of the young outlaws and with a heavy brake-rod he struck Mr. Caskey on the head. Two or three of the largest ruffians of the gang then sprang upon Mr. Caskey and were beating him unmercifully when a C. H. & D. section man named Lovitt came to his assistance and together they put the gang to flight.

SEVERAL ARRESTS MADE.

Mr. Caskey, with his face covered with blood, reported his experience to the police and two of the gang, who gave their names as John Mahany and William Coffey, were arrested last evening by Lieut. Wingate and patrolmen Goebel, O'Brien and Seede. This morning another of the gang, a 16-year-old lad named Dan Murphy, was arrested by patrolman Conway.

This afternoon a boy named Lane, who is also supposed to have been in the crowd, was arrested by police-man Conway. All tell different stories, but the Mahany boy admitted that he had one of the spoons and one of the knives belonging to the farmer. No charges have yet been filed against the prisoners.

BRANNON ESCAPES.

Bernard Brannon, the big fellow who tried to whip several policemen Sunday, and was sentenced to serve a term of fifteen days in the city work house, is again at liberty. This morning he broke the chain that was fastened to his ankles, and while watchman Blair was absent, getting a bucket of water, he made his escape from the stone yard, and had a good start before his escape was discovered. He still had the bracelets on his ankles when he left the work house but the police have been informed that he compelled a man on the south side to cut them off.

HEAR CLAGETT

In His Matchless Oratory at the Park this Evening.

All persons interested in economic questions should go out to Hoyer's Park this evening and hear Judge Clagett deliver his speech on the all-important subject of bimetalism. He is an eloquent, forceful speaker and his clear arguments and reasoning will convince his auditors of the correctness of his views. There will be no admittance charged to the ground, and the auditorium should be filled with those who desire to be informed upon this important subject.

DEATH'S CALL

Answered Last Night by Israel McJunkin, an Old Citizen.

Israel McJunkin, one of the prominent and oldest citizens of Lima, died at his home, 827 west Spring street, at 9 o'clock last night, from heart disease, from which he had suffered for the past five months. Although he had been ill for a long time death came quite suddenly, as the deceased was able to be about during the day and early evening.

The deceased was born in Pennsylvania and reached the age of 72 years. He was a resident of this city for about 35 years and was for many years engaged in the real estate business. He leaves a wife and two daughters. Arrangements for the funeral have not been completed.

75 Cents to Detroit.

Saturday, Sept. 25th, via the Detroit & Lima Northern Ry. Train leaves Wayne street depot at 6:25 a. m. Returning, train leaves Detroit at 7:30 p. m. 4-2t

Frog Legs.

Shad and bulk oysters at Kiesel's. 4 2t

CORBETT

At the Lima Base Ball Park This Afternoon.

FAIRLY GOOD ATTENDANCE

To Greet the Ex Champion as He Appeared on the Diamond—Wants Another Match With Bob Fitzsimmons.

James J. Corbett, who will play first base for the Lima base ball club this afternoon, arrived in the city this morning and took quarters at the Harrod House. He played at Detroit yesterday before a large number of people. Before the game begins this afternoon he and his trainer will spar three rounds before the grand stand, thus giving the audience an idea of his sparring ability. At present Corbett is making large sums of money each day taking part in ball games and exhibiting himself as a boxer.

W. J. Connor, who is acting as Mr. Brady's advance agent, stated to a TIMES DEMOCRAT representative today that the prospects of Corbett and Fitzsimmons soon meeting again were very flattering. The New Orleans athletic club has offered a purse of \$20,000 for the two men to fight. Corbett is anxious to meet the man who defeated him and believes he can regain the title of champion and as a special incentive has offered Fitzsimmons all of the purse whether he wins the fight or not. This to Fitzsimmons seems a good proposition and he will no doubt accept the same.

The managers of the Lima club are receiving many requests from all the leading clubs of the country asking for dates. The Washington National League team desires a date as does also the Cincinnati Reds. The Lima club has made a reputation for itself this year and Springfield being defeated twice has brought it prominently before the interstate league teams. Detroit, Mansfield, Youngstown and Columbus are all anxious to play captain Murray's team. The Washington team which will tour Ohio will be made up as follows:

The team that will be under the guidance of Brown and Mercer: Seibach and Shaw, catchers; Cy Swain, Bresnahan and Mercer, pitchers; Tom Tucker, first base; Westlake, of Lancaster, Penn., third base; Billy George, of the St. Pauls, Tom Brown and Gettman, in the outfield, with Seibach and Shaw alternating at short.

OLD FAVORITES HERE.

To-morrow the "Wapak Indians" will play at Lima, and to strengthen the team Covert, McCarthy and Sealts will play with Wapak. The boys are fast players, and are making a good impression on the base ball world. —Piqua Dispatch

DEATH OF AN INFANT.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. White Mourn the Loss of Their Little Daughter.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. White, of 328 north Pierce street, died at 12 o'clock to-day. Funeral services will be held at St. Rose church at 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon.

COLLUCIO'S SLAYER

Is Still at Large But May Yet Be Captured.

The relatives and friends of Collucio, the Italian murdered at Wren, are assisting the officers in the search for the murderer, Caputo. A gentleman from Lima, says the Van Wert Bulletin, came here this morning, and accompanied sheriff Conn to Wren this afternoon. They went there to examine the belongings of Caputo. It is thought that Caputo's trunk contains papers that will lead to his detection and arrest.

DIPHTHERIA

Another Death Occurs and Two New Cases Are Reported.

A Richard, the 6-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Miller, of Kibbey and Metcalf streets, died at 11:30 o'clock last night, from diphtheria, after four days' illness. No funeral services were held and the remains were interred in the Hartford cemetery near Spencerville this morning.

Another member of the same family is dangerously ill with the same dreaded disease and two new cases developed in the same locality to-day.

The new quarantine has been thoroughly established and the sanitary officials expect to have the epidemic headed off and stamped out soon.

Go to Detroit Saturday, Sept. 25th, via the Detroit & Lima Northern. Only 75 cents for the round trip. Train leaves Wayne street depot at 6:25 a. m. 4-2t

Go to the California Wine Co.'s for pure blackberry wine; cures all bowel troubles and diarrhoea. codif

Oysters Served

in every style at the Earl House restaurant. 9 6t

OVERRULED

The Demurrer in the Injunction Against Mayor Baxter.

NEW MOTION TO BE FILED

To Dissolve the Injunction—Set for Hearing October 8th—It Will Practically Settle the Case—Judge Mooney's Decision.

Judge Mooney this afternoon arrived in the city and rendered his decision in the injunction suit brought by J. W. Van Dyke against mayor Baxter, of Lima, to restrain the mayor from signing the contract with the Columbia Construction Company to pave west Market street. The case was argued a week ago Saturday, the judge reserving his decision until this afternoon.

To the petition there was filed a demurrer. The only question contained to be ruled on said the judge was whether or not the plaintiff as an individual had a right to bring the suit. On the point the judge ruled that as a private individual Van Dyke could maintain the suit and therefore he overruled the demurrer. The city solicitor, Mr. Adgate, gave notice that the defense would file a motion to dissolve the injunction and asked that it be heard at the earliest possible date. The determination of this motion will practically settle the case. The motion was set for hearing on October 8th.

QUIET WEDDING.

Mr. Walter Hess and a Waynefield Maid Wedded Yesterday.

At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Mr. Walter Hess, of this city, and Miss McKinnon, of Waynefield, were married at the home of the groom, 220 south West street, the marriage ceremony being performed by Rev. C. A. Hill.

TALES OF THE TOWN.

J. J. Sullivan, who has been critically ill for the past four weeks, is convalescing.

Joseph Jauman, formerly in the employ of J. W. Rowlands, has accepted a position with Neuman & Williams.

Everybody should go out and hear Judge Clagett at Hoyer's lake tonight. He is an eloquent speaker and thoroughly understands the subject of bimetalism.

THE RAILROADS.

A Project Which Embodies the Amalgamation

OF THREE BIG RAILROADS.

Work Commenced on the Detroit Extension of the D. & L. N.—An A. L. E. & W. Breakdown Reported—Other Railroad News.

From the east there comes a report of a project which embodies the amalgamation of the three great railroad systems—the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis (Big Four), the Baltimore & Ohio and the Baltimore & Ohio Southern. It is said further that the project is being engineered by J. Morgan & Co., and that the Brice lines may be included in the deal.

The mileage of the consolidation, leaving out the Brice lines, would be nearly 5,000, and it would be the most extensive property in the east extending from Chicago to New York and reaching Louisville, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Columbus, Sandusky, Cleveland, Fairport, Wheeling, Pittsburgh, Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia. The states which these railroads, which now form three immense systems, traverse are New Jersey, Delaware, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Kentucky and Missouri.

The consolidation of the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern company with the Baltimore & Ohio company is virtually accomplished, the latter railroad controlling the stock.

TO DOUBLE-TRACK THE PENNSY.

It has been learned from what is considered very good authority, that the P., Ft. W. & C. division of the Pennsylvania system is to be double tracked to Chicago as soon as possible, and that the Panhandle division between Pittsburgh and Columbus is to be made a double tracked road before another year. The improvements made by other lines have made it imperative necessary for the Pennsylvania people to take this expensive step in order to maintain the proud prestige which they have established.

Hard times have kept the Panhandle and Fort Wayne back, but the management of the western connections recognize the important fact that without them they would have a road with no western outlet, and that unless the connections west of Pittsburgh are greatly improved the

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

Let Every Man and Every Woman

THINK TWICE!

Before Purchasing Their

WINTER SHOES.

Our Men's patent leather, enamel, calf, English grain and box calf shoes, with or without leather lining, the best in the market and thoroughly



UP-TO-DATE!

Price \$3 to \$6.

"Heywood is in it."

THE SWELLEST YET.



Our Ladies' new Fall line in black, green, brown and patent leathers. Hand-turned or extension soles.

We have the two popular makes,

Curtis & Wheeler, Drew, Selby & Co.

75 different styles of Ladies' Footwear. See them in our window.

MICHAEL'S.